

VALUE GIVING FOR DERUPTIVE TRANSFORMATION OF URBAN TYMESTER WORD ENACORS OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

BIOGHAR FROM SEWAGE SLUDGE, OLIVE MILL WASTE, GOMPOST & SAWDUST





- · Sewage sludge
- · Olive mill waste
- · Compost
- · Sawdust



SLOW PYROLYSIS

- 400°C
- · Nitrogen gas
- · Biochar



LAND APPLICATION

- · Bio stimulant
- Tomato cultivation



Europe produces $\sim 13 \times 10^6$ tons of sewage sludge bio solids, while their management remains one of the most complicated tasks for wastewater treatment plants.

OMW constitutes a notable amount of waste in the Mediterranean region, and significant volumes are produced annually $(3\times10^7 \text{m}^3)$ during olive oil processing.

THE PRODUCT



Biochar acts as an effective and safe soil improver and plant bio-stimulant in agricultural applications. This effect is mediated by the feedstock. Fruit marketable yield and the crop performance increased significantly.



THE PROJECT

The EU funded WaysTUP! project aims to demonstrate the establishment of new value chains for urban biowaste utilisation to produce higher value purpose products through a multi-stakeholder approach in line with the circular economy.

THE PLANS



Looking for funding to improve the innovation product we have developed.





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme under Grant Agreement no. 818308.

The technology owner is the Technical University of Crete, which is amongst the most prominent Research Institutions in Greece.

The technology was developed in the frames of WaysTUP! pilots' activities.



NIKOLAOS NIKOLAIDIS Technical University of Crete nikolaos.nikolaidis@enveng.tuc.gr +30 28210 37785









K. KOMNITSAS Mineral Resources Engineer, Professor



M. LILLI
Environmental
Engineer, Researcher



K. LIONOUDAKIS

Agricultirist



A. KRITIKAKI Mineral Resources Engineer, Researcher



M. SARU Chemist



S. VOUTSADAKI Chemist



The pilot plant is located at Chania (Crete, Greece).

The prototype was installed in an ISOBOX that mainly includes the furnace for drying the feedstock and producing the biochar, as well as the off-gas cleaning system.

The biochars produced are used for land application in tomatoes cultivation, both under greenhouse and field conditions.







THE PROCESS
WAS DEVELOPED
AT THE
TECHNICAL
UNIVERSITY
OF CRETE



Raw materials were obtained by the Municipal Enterprise for Water and Sewage of Chania, a local organic olive mill, the olive oil industry (ABEA) of Chania and, the Inter-Municipal Solid Waste Management Company of Chania (DEDISA).

